

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:08:46 ON 20 SEP 2007

EXP CHITOBIOSE/CN  
L1 1 S E3  
EXP CHITOTRIOSE/CN  
L2 1 S E3  
L3 1 S N-ACETYLGLUCOSAMINE/CN

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:09:37 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:12:40 ON 20 SEP 2007

L4 346 S L1/THU OR L2/THU OR L3/THU  
L5 0 S CHITIN/THU OR CHITOSAN/THU  
L6 473047 S INFLAMM? OR MYOCARDIAL OR CARDIAC OR SEPSIS OR SEPTIC  
L7 30280 S LYSOZYME  
L8 96 S (L4 OR L5) AND L6  
L9 3 S (L4 OR L5) AND L7  
L10 1 S (L4 OR L5) AND L6 AND L7  
L11 73 S L8 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)  
L12 3 S L9 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)  
L13 1 S L10 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:16:15 ON 20 SEP 2007

L14 199371 S MYOCARDIAL OR CARDIAC OR SEPSIS OR SEPTIC  
L15 6 S L11 AND L14

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:41:46 ON 20 SEP 2007

L16 141 S L7 AND L14  
L17 104 S L16 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)  
L18 10 S L4 AND L14  
L19 6 S L18 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:41:55 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:43:13 ON 20 SEP 2007

L20 1990443 S ANTISENSE OR INHIB?  
L21 51 S L20 AND L17

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:09:05 ON 20 SEP 2007

L22 21 S L1/THU OR L2/THU  
L23 2 S L22 AND L14  
L24 1 S L23 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)  
L25 45671 S ANTISENSE  
L26 317123 S ANTIBODY  
L27 7 S L7 AND L14 AND L25  
L28 14 S L7 AND L14 AND L26  
L29 6 S L27 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)  
L30 9 S L28 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

```
=> file registry
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS                               SINCE FILE      TOTAL
                                                    ENTRY      SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST                               0.21         0.21
```

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:08:46 ON 20 SEP 2007  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file  
provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 19 SEP 2007 HIGHEST RN 947584-60-3  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 19 SEP 2007 HIGHEST RN 947584-60-3

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH June 29, 2007

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when  
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and  
predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of  
experimental property data in the original document. For information  
on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html>

=> exp chitobiose/cn

```
E1      1      CHITOBIIITOL/CN
E2      1      CHITOBIOHYDROLASE/CN
E3      1 --> CHITOBIOSE/CN
E4      1      CHITOBIOSE 6-O-SULFOTRANSFERASE/CN
E5      1      CHITOBIOSE DIACETATE/CN
E6      1      CHITOBIOSE OCTAACETATE/CN
E7      1      CHITOBIOSE PHOSPHORYLASE/CN
E8      1      CHITOBIOSE, N,N'-DIACETYL-/CN
E9      1      CHITOBIOSE-AZELAIC ACID COPOLYMER/CN
E10     1      CHITOBIOSE-AZELAOYL CHLORIDE COPOLYMER/CN
E11     1      CHITOBIOSE-DECANEDIOIC ACID COPOLYMER/CN
E12     1      CHITOBIOSE-PENTADECANEDIOIC ACID COPOLYMER/CN
```

=> s E3

```
L1      1 CHITOBIOSE/CN
```

=> exp chitotriose/cn

```
E1      1      CHITOTRIITOL/CN
E2      1      CHITOTRIITOL, TRI-N-ACETYL-/CN
E3      1 --> CHITOTRIOSE/CN
E4      1      CHITOTRIOSE UNDECAACETATE/CN
E5      1      CHITOTRIOSE, N,N',N''-TRIACETYL-/CN
E6      1      CHITOTRIOSE, TRI-N-ACETYL-/CN
E7      1      CHITOTRIOSE, TRI-N-ACETYL-, OCTAACETATE/CN
E8      1      CHITOTRIOSE-1,1',1''-3H3/CN
E9      1      CHITOTRIOSE-DODECAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE-EICOSANEDIOIC ACID
COPOLYMER/CN
E10     1      CHITOTRIOSE-DODECANEDIOIC ACID COPOLYMER/CN
E11     1      CHITOTRIOSE-EICOSANEDIOIC ACID COPOLYMER/CN
E12     1      CHITOTRIOSE-OCTANEDIOIC ACID COPOLYMER/CN
```

=> s E3

```
L2      1 CHITOTRIOSE/CN
```

=> s N-acetylglucosamine/cn  
L3 1 N-ACETYLGLUCOSAMINE/CN

	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	15.30	15.51

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:09:37 ON 20 SEP 2007  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.  
LAST RELOADED: Sep 14, 2007 (20070914/UP).

	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.30	15.81

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:12:40 ON 20 SEP 2007  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP.USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Sep 2007 VOL 147 ISS 13  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Sep 2007 (20070919/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l1/thu or l2/thu or l3/thu

262 L1  
936068 THU/RL  
20 L1/THU  
(L1 (L) THU/RL)  
181 L2  
936068 THU/RL  
12 L2/THU  
(L2 (L) THU/RL)  
6703 L3  
936068 THU/RL  
331 L3/THU  
(L3 (L) THU/RL)  
L4 346 L1/THU OR L2/THU OR L3/THU

=> s chitin/thu or chitosan/thu

0 CHITIN/CT

936068 THU/RL  
     0 CHITIN/THU  
         (CHITIN/CT (L) THU/RL)  
     0 CHITOSAN/CT  
 936068 THU/RL  
     0 CHITOSAN/THU  
         (CHITOSAN/CT (L) THU/RL)  
 L5           0 CHITIN/THU OR CHITOSAN/THU

=> s inflamm? or myocardial or cardiac or sepsis or septic

290186 INFLAMM?  
 70945 MYOCARDIAL  
 133148 CARDIAC  
 16014 SEPSIS  
 13903 SEPTIC  
 L6       473047 INFLAMM? OR MYOCARDIAL OR CARDIAC OR SEPSIS OR SEPTIC

=> s lysozyme

L7       30280 LYSOZYME

=> s (l4 or l5) and l6

L8       96 (L4 OR L5) AND L6

=> s (l4 or l5) and l7

L9       3 (L4 OR L5) AND L7

=> s (l4 or l5) and l6 and l7

L10       1 (L4 OR L5) AND L6 AND L7

=> s l8 and (PY<2004 or AY<2004 or PRY<2004)

23937695 PY<2004  
 4745183 AY<2004  
 4227245 PRY<2004  
 L11       73 L8 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

=> s l9 and (PY<2004 or AY<2004 or PRY<2004)

23937695 PY<2004  
 4745183 AY<2004  
 4227245 PRY<2004  
 L12       3 L9 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

=> s l10 and (PY<2004 or AY<2004 or PRY<2004)

23937695 PY<2004  
 4745183 AY<2004  
 4227245 PRY<2004  
 L13       1 L10 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

=> file stnguide

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
FULL ESTIMATED COST	ENTRY	SESSION
	2.60	18.41

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:12:58 ON 20 SEP 2007  
 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT  
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.  
LAST RELOADED: Sep 14, 2007 (20070914/UP).

=> d l12 1-3 ti abs bib  
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Methods of treating inflammation  
AB Methods and compns. for treating myocardial dysfunction or inflammation are described. The methods of the invention involve administering an agent that can inhibit lysozyme to an animal in need thereof. Preferred lysozyme inhibitors include TAC (N,N',N"-triacetylglucosamine, chitotriose) and chitobiose.  
AN 2004:905606 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
DN 141:360677  
TI Methods of treating inflammation  
IN Mink, Steven N.; Jacobs, Hans; Bose, Deepak; Duke, Krika; Light, R. Bruce  
PA Can.  
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 70 pp.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	----	-----	-----	-----
PI	US 2004214792	A1	20041028	US 2004-762581	20040123 <--
	CA 2428744	A1	20040724	CA 2003-2428744	20030512 <--
PRAI	US 2003-442060P	P	20030124	<--	

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Oxidoreductase-peroxidase di-enzymatic treatment of outer ear infection in dogs and cats  
AB Otitis externa is treated in dogs and cats by administering to the outer ear of the infected animal a dosage, effective to alleviate the symptoms of the infection, of a substantially non-aqueous, di-enzymic therapeutic composition, in a liquid or gel fluid carrier. The composition contains an oxidizable substrate and an oxidoreductase enzyme specific to such substrate for producing hydrogen peroxide upon encountering the environment of the outer ear and further contains an iodide salt and a peroxidatic peroxidase for interacting with the hydrogen peroxide to produce a hypoiodite biocidal agent. Any unbound water present in the composition is limited to an amount not more than about 1.0 weight% to stabilize the composition against the production of hydrogen peroxide prior to aural application of the composition to enhance efficacy of treatment. An illustrative di-enzymic composition contains glucose, glucose oxidase, potassium iodide and lactoperoxidase in a fluid mixture of glycerol and propylene glycol.  
AN 2001:255849 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
DN 134:261236  
TI Oxidoreductase-peroxidase di-enzymatic treatment of outer ear infection in dogs and cats  
IN Pellico, Michael A.  
PA USA  
SO U.S., 7 pp.  
CODEN: USXXAM  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 6214339	B1	20010410	US 2000-481861	20000112 <--
PRAI	US 2000-481861		20000112 <--		
RE.CNT	14	THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT			

L12 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Synthesis and anticancer activity of glycopeptides containing a  
 N-acetylglucosaminyl-( $\beta$ 1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-N-acetylmuramyl disaccharide unit  
 AB A series of eleven glycopeptides containing the N-acetylmuramyl,  
 N-acetylglucosaminyl-( $\beta$ 1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-N-acetylmuramyl or  
 (N-acetylglucosaminyl-( $\beta$ 1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-N-acetylmuramyl or  
 (N-acetylglucosaminyl-( $\beta$ 1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-N-acetylmuramyl)2 moiety were  
 synthesized and their antitumor activity studied in sarcoma 180. Some of  
 them induced selective tumor necrosis and inhibited tumor growth.  
 Glycopeptide fractions obtained from lysozyme hydrolysates of  
 Escherichia coli and Micrococcus lysodeikticus cell walls also display  
 high antitumor activity. The antitumor spectrum was studied for the most  
 active synthetic preparation, N-acetylglucosaminyl-( $\beta$ 1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-N-  
 acetylmuramylalanyl-D-isoglutamine [70768-79-5], which represents the  
 common repeating glycopeptide fragment of bacterial cell walls. Selected  
 samples were tested for adjuvant activity. Structure-activity relations  
 of glycopeptides are discussed. The disaccharide-containing glycopeptides  
 were generally more active than the resp. N-acetylmuramyl derivs.  
 Apparently, the antitumor activity of the tested glycopeptides correlates  
 with their immune adjuvant activity.  
 AN 1982:135314 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
 DN 96:135314  
 TI Synthesis and anticancer activity of glycopeptides containing a  
 N-acetylglucosaminyl-( $\beta$ 1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-N-acetylmuramyl disaccharide unit  
 AU Rostovtseva, L. I.; Andronova, T. M.; Mal'kova, V. P.; Sorokina, I. B.;  
 Ivanov, V. T.  
 CS M. M. Shemyakin Inst. Bioorg. Chem., Moscow, USSR  
 SO Bioorganicheskaya Khimiya (1981), 7(12), 1843-58  
 CODEN: BIKHD7; ISSN: 0132-3423  
 DT Journal  
 LA Russian

=> d l11 1-25 ti

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Antiinflammatory compositions containing combination of anabolic agents  
 and anti-catabolic agents and antioxidant agents and analgesics  
 L11 ANSWER 2 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Non-steroidal antiinflammatory drug and glucosamine combination  
 L11 ANSWER 3 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Beverage and additive for inflamed tissue  
 L11 ANSWER 4 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Bioavailability and improved delivery of alkaline pharmaceutical drugs  
 L11 ANSWER 5 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Enlargement of mucocutaneous or cutaneous organs and sites with topical  
 compositions containing N-acyl-aldosamine or N-acylamino acid compounds  
 L11 ANSWER 6 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Treatment of arthritis and other conditions in a mammal with

administration of aminosugar compounds, and methods of use thereof

- L11 ANSWER 7 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Targeted delivery system for bioactive agents
- L11 ANSWER 8 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Composition to enhance joint function and repair
- L11 ANSWER 9 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Method and compositions for the treatment and prevention of pain and inflammation with cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitors and polyunsaturated fatty acids
- L11 ANSWER 10 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Compositions treatment of chronic inflammatory diseases
- L11 ANSWER 11 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Use of entrapped amino sugar compositions for treatment of synovitis, subchondral bone edema, and cartilage degradation
- L11 ANSWER 12 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Protein biomaterials and biocoacervate
- L11 ANSWER 13 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Effervescent and effervescent-dispersion compositions for medicaments containing acid and base components
- L11 ANSWER 14 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Chitin- and chitosan-based delivery systems for drugs and diagnostic agents that penetrate the blood-brain barrier
- L11 ANSWER 15 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Antibodies conjugated with phagocytic marker for enhancing phagocytosis against autoimmune disease, infection, cancer and others
- L11 ANSWER 16 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Formulations for the treatment of arthritis conditions
- L11 ANSWER 17 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Methods of treating inflammation
- L11 ANSWER 18 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Acidic drug complexes for improved bioavailability and delivery
- L11 ANSWER 19 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Improved bioavailability and improved delivery of alkaline drugs
- L11 ANSWER 20 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Non-crystallized chitins for prevention and treatment of bovine joint disease
- L11 ANSWER 21 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Methods of reducing complications associated with peritoneal dialysis in patients with diabetes obesity and/or hyperlipidemia
- L11 ANSWER 22 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Composition and method for treatment of conditions having an inflammatory component
- L11 ANSWER 23 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Treatment for traumatic synovitis and damaged articular cartilage
- L11 ANSWER 24 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Formulations for topical delivery of bioactive substances and methods for

their use

L11 ANSWER 25 OF 73 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Glucosamine as a food, beverage and medicinal additive

=> file hcaplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.24	40.96
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-2.34

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:16:15 ON 20 SEP 2007  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Sep 2007 VOL 147 ISS 13  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Sep 2007 (20070919/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s myocardial or cardiac or sepsis or septic

70945 MYOCARDIAL  
133148 CARDIAC  
16014 SEPSIS  
13903 SEPTIC  
L14 199371 MYOCARDIAL OR CARDIAC OR SEPSIS OR SEPTIC

=> s l11 and l14

L15 6 L11 AND L14

=> file stnguide

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	2.60	43.56
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-2.34

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:16:17 ON 20 SEP 2007  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)



FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.  
LAST RELOADED: Sep 14, 2007 (20070914/UP).

=> d l15 1-6 ti  
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L15 ANSWER 1 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Methods of treating inflammation

L15 ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Glycodendrimers having biological activity

L15 ANSWER 3 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Nutritional compositions, kits, and methods for promoting defined health benefits

L15 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Compositions for the treatment and prevention of pain and inflammation with a cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor and chondroitin sulfate

L15 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Compositions, kits, and methods for promoting defined health benefits

L15 ANSWER 6 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Disaccharide-aglycon conjugate inflammation inhibitors and therapeutic uses thereof

=> d l15 1 2 3 4 5 6 ti abs bib  
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L15 ANSWER 1 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Methods of treating inflammation  
AB Methods and compns. for treating myocardial dysfunction or inflammation are described. The methods of the invention involve administering an agent that can inhibit lysozyme to an animal in need thereof. Preferred lysozyme inhibitors include TAC (N,N',N"-triacetylglucosamine, chitotriose) and chitobiose.

AN 2004:905606 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
DN 141:360677  
TI Methods of treating inflammation  
IN Mink, Steven N.; Jacobs, Hans; Bose, Deepak; Duke, Krika; Light, R. Bruce  
PA Can.  
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 70 pp.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2004214792	A1	20041028	US 2004-762581	20040123 <--
	CA 2428744	A1	20040724	CA 2003-2428744	20030512 <--
PRAI	US 2003-442060P	P	20030124	<--	

L15 ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Glycodendrimers having biological activity  
AB The invention discloses anionic glycodendrimers having biol. activity, processes for preparing them, and their use in medicine, including veterinary

medicine. The glycodendrimers of the invention may be used e.g. to treat diseases in which chemokines and cytokines are increased and diseases where angiogenesis is increased.

AN 2003:855832 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
 DN 139:345955  
 TI Glycodendrimers having biological activity  
 IN Shaunak, Sunil; Gianasi, Elisabetta; Duncan, Ruth  
 PA Polytherics Limited, UK  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 126 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003089010	A1	20031030	WO 2003-GB1133	20030318 <--
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2003214422	A1	20031103	AU 2003-214422	20030318 <--
	EP 1496941	A1	20050119	EP 2003-709994	20030318 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
	JP 2005532421	T	20051027	JP 2003-585761	20030318 <--
	IN 2004DN02794	A	20070420	IN 2004-DN2794	20040920 <--
	US 2005214247	A1	20050929	US 2005-511317	20050531 <--
PRAI	GB 2002-9022	A	20020419	<--	
	WO 2003-GB1133	W	20030318	<--	

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L15 ANSWER 3 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Nutritional compositions, kits, and methods for promoting defined health benefits  
 AB The present invention is directed to compns. comprising: (a) a first component selected from the group consisting of gelatin, cartilage, aminosugars, glycosaminoglycans, methylsulfonylmethane, precursors of methylsulfonylmethane, S-adenosylmethionine, salts thereof, and mixts. thereof; and (b) a second component comprising: (i) a cation source selected from the group consisting of calcium, potassium, magnesium, and mixts. thereof; and (ii) an edible acid source. The present invention is further directed to food, beverage, pharmaceutical, over-the-counter, and dietary supplement products, which comprise the present compns. The invention also relates to kits comprising the present compns. and information that use of the composition promotes one or more of the presently defined health benefits, including joint health, bone health, cardiac health, and anti-inflammation. The present invention addnl. relates to methods of treating joint function, bone function, cardiac function, or inflammation comprising administering to a mammal a composition as defined herein.

AN 2003:282111 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
 DN 138:286531  
 TI Nutritional compositions, kits, and methods for promoting defined health benefits  
 IN Kern, Kenneth norman; Heisey, Matthew Thomas  
 PA USA  
 SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 19 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 586,213,

abandoned.  
CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2003069202	A1	20030410	US 2001-760280	20010112 <--
	CA 2408609	A1	20011213	CA 2001-2408609	20010601 <--
	WO 2001093847	A2	20011213	WO 2001-US17714	20010601 <--
	WO 2001093847	A3	20020425		
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, SZ, BE, CY, FR, GR, IE, IT, MC, NL, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP	1289510	A2	20030312	EP 2001-946030	20010601 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
JP	2003535126	T	20031125	JP 2002-501420	20010601 <--
BR	2001011381	A	20031216	BR 2001-11381	20010601 <--
MX	2002PA11942	A	20030422	MX 2002-PA11942	20021202 <--
PRAI	US 2000-586213	B2	20000602	<--	
	US 2001-760280	A	20010112	<--	
	WO 2001-US17714	W	20010601	<--	

L15 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Compositions for the treatment and prevention of pain and inflammation with a cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor and chondroitin sulfate

AB A method of treating, preventing, or inhibiting pain, inflammation, or inflammation-associated disorder in a subject in need of such treatment or prevention includes treating the subject with chondroitin sulfate and a cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor, or a prodrug thereof, wherein the amount of chondroitin sulfate and the amount of a cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof together constitute a pain- or inflammation-suppressing treatment or prevention effective amount. Glucosamine can optionally be present. Comps. that contain the combination of chondroitin sulfate and cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor and, optionally, the glucosamine, are disclosed, as are pharmaceutical comps.

AN 2003:154262 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 138:198610

TI Compositions for the treatment and prevention of pain and inflammation with a cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor and chondroitin sulfate

IN Pulaski, Steven P.; Kundel, Susan

PA Pharmacia Corporation, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 148 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003015799	A1	20030227	WO 2002-US25673	20020813 <--
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,				

LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,  
 PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,  
 UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG,  
 CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,  
 PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,  
 NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2003114416	A1	20030619	US 2002-215539	20020809 <--
CA 2457452	A1	20030227	CA 2002-2457452	20020813 <--
AU 2002336344	A1	20030303	AU 2002-336344	20020813 <--
AU 2002336344	A2	20030303		
EP 1416941	A1	20040512	EP 2002-773188	20020813 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK				
BR 2002011977	A	20040921	BR 2002-11977	20020813 <--
JP 2005501850	T	20050120	JP 2003-520758	20020813 <--
CN 1575182	A	20050202	CN 2002-820121	20020813 <--
ZA 2004001163	A	20050622	ZA 2004-1163	20040212 <--
MX 2004PA01397	A	20040527	MX 2004-PA1397	20040213 <--
PRAI US 2001-312211P	P	20010814	<--	
US 2002-215539	A	20020809	<--	
WO 2002-US25673	W	20020813	<--	

OS MARPAT 138:198610

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L15 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Compositions, kits, and methods for promoting defined health benefits  
 AB The present invention is directed to compns. comprising: (a) a first  
 component selected from the group consisting of gelatin, cartilage, amino  
 sugars, glycosaminoglycans, methylsulfonylmethane, precursors of  
 methylsulfonylmethane, S-adenosylmethionine, salts and mixts.; and (b) a  
 second component comprising a cation source selected from the group  
 consisting of calcium, potassium, magnesium, and mixts. and an edible acid  
 source. The present invention is further directed to food, beverage,  
 pharmaceutical, over-the-counter, and dietary supplement products, which  
 comprise the present compns. The invention also relates to kits  
 comprising the present compns. and information that use of the composition  
 promotes one or more of the presently defined health benefits, including  
 joint health, bone health, cardiac health, and anti-  
 inflammation. The present invention addnl. relates to methods of  
 treating joint function, bone function, cardiac function, or  
 inflammation comprising administering to a mammal a composition as  
 defined herein. Thus, hard lemon candies are prepared by combining the  
 following components as indicated: sugar 200, light corn syrup 63, water  
 60, lemon flavor glucosamine-HCl 16, and calcium citrate malate 14.9 g.

AN 2001:903816 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 136:42843

TI Compositions, kits, and methods for promoting defined health benefits

IN Kern, Kenneth Norman; Heisey, Matthew Thomas

PA The Procter & Gamble Company, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001093847	A2	20011213	WO 2001-US17714	20010601 <--
	WO 2001093847	A3	20020425		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,  
 CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM,  
 HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,  
 LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO,

RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN,  
 YU, ZA, ZW, SZ, BE, CY, FR, GR, IE, IT, MC, NL, BF, BJ, CF, CG,  
 CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,  
 DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,  
 BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2003069202	A1	20030410	US 2001-760280	20010112 <--
CA 2408609	A1	20011213	CA 2001-2408609	20010601 <--
EP 1289510	A2	20030312	EP 2001-946030	20010601 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
JP 2003535126	T	20031125	JP 2002-501420	20010601 <--
BR 2001011381	A	20031216	BR 2001-11381	20010601 <--
MX 2002PA11942	A	20030422	MX 2002-PA11942	20021202 <--
PRAI US 2000-586213	A	20000602	<--	
US 2001-760280	A	20010112	<--	
WO 2001-US17714	W	20010601	<--	

L15 ANSWER 6 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Disaccharide-aglycon conjugate inflammation inhibitors and  
 therapeutic uses thereof  
 AB A composition is provided which comprises a biosynthetic anti-  
 inflammatory oligosaccharide sugar-sugar-X-R (sugar =  
 N-acetylneuraminic acid, galactose, N-acetylglucosamine,  
 N-acetylgalactosamine, fucose, mannose; X = bridging atom selected from O,  
 S, N, C; R = aglycon selected from naphthol, naphthalenemethane, indenol,  
 indenol heterocyclic derivative, naphthol heterocyclic derivative,  
 naphthalenemethanol heterocyclic derivative). Also provided is a method of  
 treating an inflammatory disease in an individual comprising  
 administering a therapeutically ED of the composition of the invention. The  
 compds. of the invention resemble biosynthetic intermediates found in the  
 formation of Lewis carbohydrates and inhibit the formation of glycoprotein  
 ligands for selectins by diverting the synthesis of the carbohydrate  
 chains from the proteins or lipids to the disaccharide primers.

AN 1996:476867 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 125:132753

TI Disaccharide-aglycon conjugate inflammation inhibitors and  
 therapeutic uses thereof

IN Esko, Jeffrey D.; Sarkar, Arun K.

PA University of Alabama Research Foundation, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	---	-----	-----	-----
PI	WO 9619231	A1	19960627	WO 1995-US16533	19951218 <--
	W: CA, JP				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	US 5639734	A	19970617	US 1994-359582	19941220 <--
PRAI	US 1994-359582	A	19941220	<--	

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:08:39 ON 20 SEP 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:08:46 ON 20 SEP 2007

	EXP CHITOBIOSE/CN
L1	1 S E3
	EXP CHITOTRIOSE/CN
L2	1 S E3
L3	1 S N-ACETYLGLUCOSAMINE/CN

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:09:37 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:12:40 ON 20 SEP 2007

L4 346 S L1/THU OR L2/THU OR L3/THU  
L5 0 S CHITIN/THU OR CHITOSAN/THU  
L6 473047 S INFLAMM? OR MYOCARDIAL OR CARDIAC OR SEPSIS OR SEPTIC  
L7 30280 S LYSOZYME  
L8 96 S (L4 OR L5) AND L6  
L9 3 S (L4 OR L5) AND L7  
L10 1 S (L4 OR L5) AND L6 AND L7  
L11 73 S L8 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)  
L12 3 S L9 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)  
L13 1 S L10 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:12:58 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:13:09 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:13:09 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:13:50 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:13:51 ON 20 SEP 2007

L14 199371 S MYOCARDIAL OR CARDIAC OR SEPSIS OR SEPTIC  
L15 6 S L11 AND L14

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:16:17 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:16:23 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:16:24 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:16:37 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:16:38 ON 20 SEP 2007

=> log hold

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

0.06

67.96

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

0.00

-7.02

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES

STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 09:16:48 ON 20 SEP 2007

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:SSPTAEXO1623

PASSWORD:

\* \* \* \* \* RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL \* \* \* \* \*

SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'STNGUIDE' AT 10:39:54 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:39:54 ON 20 SEP 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
FULL ESTIMATED COST	ENTRY	SESSION
	0.06	67.96
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	ENTRY	SESSION
	0.00	-7.02
=> file hcaplus		
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
FULL ESTIMATED COST	ENTRY	SESSION
	0.18	68.08
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	ENTRY	SESSION
	0.00	-7.02

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:41:46 ON 20 SEP 2007  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Sep 2007 VOL 147 ISS 13  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Sep 2007 (20070919/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l7 and l14

L16 141 L7 AND L14

=> S L16 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

23937695 PY<2004  
4745183 AY<2004  
4227245 PRY<2004

L17 104 L16 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

=> s l4 and l14

L18 10 L4 AND L14

=> S L18 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

23937695 PY<2004  
4745183 AY<2004  
4227245 PRY<2004

L19 6 L18 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

=> file stnguide

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	2.60	70.68
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-7.02

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:41:55 ON 20 SEP 2007  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.  
LAST RELOADED: Sep 14, 2007 (20070914/UP).

=> file hcaplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.12	70.80
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-7.02

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:43:13 ON 20 SEP 2007  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Sep 2007 VOL 147 ISS 13  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Sep 2007 (20070919/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s antisense or inhib?

45671 ANTISENSE  
1965747 INHIB?  
L20 1990443 ANTISENSE OR INHIB?

=> s l20 and l17

L21 51 L20 AND L17

=> file stnguide

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
----------------------	------------	-------



FULL ESTIMATED COST	ENTRY 2.60	SESSION 73.40
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-7.02

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:43:16 ON 20 SEP 2007  
 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT  
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.  
 LAST RELOADED: Sep 14, 2007 (20070914/UP).

=> d l21 1-25 ti  
 YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L21 ANSWER 1 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Isolation and self-assembly of small particles of misfolded proteins, proteons, from blood and other biological materials using metallic nanocluster proteon nucleation centers for diagnostic and therapeutic use

L21 ANSWER 2 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Genes showing altered expression in non-small cell lung cancers and their use in diagnosis

L21 ANSWER 3 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Novel nanoparticulate nimesulide compositions

L21 ANSWER 4 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Magnetically targetable particles comprising magnetic components and biocompatible polymers for site-specific delivery of biologically active agents

L21 ANSWER 5 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Bacterial strains, compositions including same, probiotic use thereof, and isolation thereof

L21 ANSWER 6 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Analysis of genetic information contained in peripheral blood for diagnosis, prognosis and monitoring treatment of allergy, infection and genetic disease in human

L21 ANSWER 7 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Methods of treating inflammation

L21 ANSWER 8 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Inhibitory effect of egg white lysozyme on ceftazidime-induced release of endotoxin from Pseudomonas aeruginosa

L21 ANSWER 9 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Human tissue-specific housekeeping genes identified by expression profiling

L21 ANSWER 10 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Isolation and self-assembly of small particles of misfolded proteins, proteons, from blood using metallic nanocluster proteon nucleation centers for diagnostic and therapeutic use

L21 ANSWER 11 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Means and methods for detecting endoglycosidase activity

L21 ANSWER 12 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Genes expressed in atherosclerotic tissue and their use in diagnosis and pharmacogenetics

L21 ANSWER 13 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Genes that are differentially expressed during erythropoiesis and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses

L21 ANSWER 14 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI A nucleic acid array of genes associated with disease responses in macrophages and their use in the diagnosis of disease

L21 ANSWER 15 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Lysozyme: a mediator of myocardial depression and adrenergic dysfunction in septic shock in dogs

L21 ANSWER 16 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Gene chip for gene expression profile analysis in liver astrocytes and use in drug screening

L21 ANSWER 17 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Protein aggregation assays and use in identification of therapeutic agents

L21 ANSWER 18 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Endocrine disruptor screening using DNA chips of endocrine disruptor-responsive genes

L21 ANSWER 19 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Structure-activity relationship studies on chalcone derivatives the potent inhibition of chemical mediators release

L21 ANSWER 20 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Role of lipoteichoic acid in infection and inflammation

L21 ANSWER 21 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Antimicrobial peptides and methods of use thereof

L21 ANSWER 22 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Combinations of silencer and inducible regulatory elements for tight regulation and strong induction of foreign genes in animal cells

L21 ANSWER 23 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Methods of facilitating vascular growth in cardiac muscle by inhibiting EMAP II, and methods for the production of recombinant EMAP II

L21 ANSWER 24 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Anti-endotoxic, antimicrobial, and cytotoxic cationic peptides and methods of use

L21 ANSWER 25 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Gene probes used for genetic profiling in healthcare screening and planning

=> d l21 8 12 14 15 19 23 25 ti abs bib

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L21 ANSWER 8 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Inhibitory effect of egg white lysozyme on ceftazidime-induced release of endotoxin from Pseudomonas aeruginosa  
 AB The inhibitory effect of egg white lysozyme (LZM) on

ceftazidime (CFT)-induced release of endotoxin from *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* was studied. *P. aeruginosa* PAO1 was inoculated in nutritional broth or diluted rabbit blood free of antibiotics in the presence or absence of LZM and incubated at 37° on a water bath shaker.  $\beta$ -Lactam antibiotic CFT was added to cultures at 3.5 h or 5 h (diluted rabbit blood culture) after inoculation. After 3 h of CFT treatment, the supernatants from different bacterial cultures were prepared by centrifuge and the concns. of endotoxin in the supernatants were measured. The bacterial supernatants were also added to a murine macrophage cell line RAW 264.7 or i.v. injected into carrageenin-sensitized mice. Tumor necrosis factor- $\alpha$  (TNF $\alpha$ ) and nitric oxide (NO) concns. in RAW 264.7 supernatants or in mouse sera were tested. CFT treatment alone obviously inhibited the growth of *P. aeruginosa* PAO1 accompanied by strong and rapid bacteriolysis and released relatively high concentration of endotoxin from bacteria both in nutritional broth and in diluted rabbit blood cultures. The bacterial supernatant from CFT treatment alone yielded high concns. of TNF $\alpha$  both in RAW 264.7 cells and in mice and high level of NO in RAW 264.7 cells. Treatment with the combination of LZM and CFT evidently blocked the lysis of bacteria and reduced the release of endotoxin without decreasing bactericidal activity of CFT. TNF $\alpha$  and NO productivity of the supernatants prepared from the LZM/CFT combination treated bacterial cultures were significantly decreased both in RAW 264.7 cells and in mice, indicating that the inflammatory activity was reduced. LZM can effectively prevent CFT-induced bacteriolysis, endotoxin release, and subsequent pro-inflammatory factor production but without decreasing bactericidal activity of CFT, causing the disassocn. of bactericidal activity and bacteriolysis. Thus, LZM might be important for preventing endotoxemia in Gram-neg. sepsis with the treatment of antibiotics.

AN 2004:791028 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 143:3863

TI Inhibitory effect of egg white lysozyme on  
ceftazidime-induced release of endotoxin from *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*  
AU Liang, Aihua; Xue, Baoyun; Liang, Rixin; Wang, Jinhua; Wang, Dan  
CS Institute of Chinese Materia Medica, China Academy of Traditional Chinese  
Medicine, Beijing, 100700, Peop. Rep. China  
SO Yaoxue Xuebao (2003), 38(11), 801-804  
CODEN: YHHPAL; ISSN: 0513-4870

PB Yaoxue Xuebao Bianjibu

DT Journal

LA Chinese

L21 ANSWER 12 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Genes expressed in atherosclerotic tissue and their use in diagnosis and  
pharmacogenetics

AB Genes whose expression is correlated with an determinant of an  
atherosclerotic phenotype are provided. Also provided are methods of  
using the subject atherosclerotic determinant genes in diagnosis and  
treatment methods, as well as drug screening methods. In addition, reagents  
and kits thereof that find use in practicing the subject methods are  
provided. Also provided are methods of determining whether a gene is  
correlated

with a disease phenotype, where correlation is determined using a Bayesian  
anal.

AN 2003:875393 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 139:363045

TI Genes expressed in atherosclerotic tissue and their use in diagnosis and  
pharmacogenetics

IN Nevins, Joseph; West, Mike; Goldschmidt, Pascal

PA Duke University, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 408 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 5

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003091391	A2	20031106	WO 2002-US38221	20021112 <--
	W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	WO 2003091391	A2	20031106	WO 2002-XA38221	20021112 <--
	W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	WO 2003091391	A2	20031106	WO 2002-XB38221	20021112 <--
	W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2002364707	A1	20031110	AU 2002-364707	20021112 <--
	EP 1578918	A2	20050928	EP 2002-807324	20021112 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK				
PRAI	US 2002-374547P	P	20020423	<--	
	US 2002-420784P	P	20021024	<--	
	US 2002-421043P	P	20021025	<--	
	US 2002-424680P	P	20021108	<--	
	WO 2002-US38221	A	20021112	<--	

L21 ANSWER 14 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI A nucleic acid array of genes associated with disease responses in macrophages and their use in the diagnosis of disease

AB An array of ~250 genes that show differential expression in macrophages in health and immune disorders is described for use in the diagnosis and monitoring of macrophage associated immune disorders and in screening of drugs.

AN 2003:373862 HCAPLUS &lt;&lt;LOGINID::20070920&gt;&gt;

DN 138:380364

TI A nucleic acid array of genes associated with disease responses in macrophages and their use in the diagnosis of disease

IN StuhlmueLLer, Bruno; Haeupl, Thomas

PA Oligene G.m.b.H., Germany

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 180 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 1310567	A2	20030514	EP 2002-90348	20021002 <--

EP 1310567 A3 20040225  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK  
 DE 10155600 A1 20030522 DE 2001-10155600 20011109 <--  
 US 2005037344 A1 20050217 US 2002-278698 20021023 <--  
 PRAI DE 2001-10155600 A 20011109 <--

L21 ANSWER 15 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Lysozyme: a mediator of myocardial depression and  
 adrenergic dysfunction in septic shock in dogs

AB The objective of the present study was to identify the nature of a  
 filterable cardiodepressant substance (FCS) that contributes to  
 myocardial dysfunction in a canine model of Escherichia coli  
 septic shock. In a previous study, it was found that FCS  
 increased in plasma after 4 h of bacteremia (Am J Physiol 1993;264:H1402)  
 in which FCS was identified by a bioassay that included a right  
 ventricular trabecular (RVT) preparation. In that study, FCS was only partially  
 identified by pore filtration techniques and was found to be a protein of  
 mol. weight between 10 and 30 K. In the present study, FCS was further  
 purified by size exclusion high-pressure liquid chromatog., until a single  
 band was identified on one-dimensional gel electrophoresis. This band was  
 then subjected to tandem mass spectrometry and protein-sequencing  
 techniques and both techniques identified FCS as lysozyme c  
 (Lzm-S), consistent with that originating from the canine spleen.  
 Confirmatory tests showed that purified Lzm-S produced myocardial  
 depression in the RVT preparation at concns. achieved during sepsis  
 in the in vivo preparation. In addition, Lzm-S inhibited the adrenergic  
 response induced by field stimulation and the  $\beta$ -agonist  
 isoproterenol in in vitro preps., these results suggesting that Lzm-S may  
 inhibit the sympathetic response in sepsis. The present  
 findings indicate that Lzm-S originating from disintegrating leukocytes  
 from organs such as the spleen contributes to myocardial  
 dysfunction in this model. The mechanism may relate to its binding or  
 hydrolysis of a cardiac membrane glycoprotein thereby  
 interfering with myocardial excitation-contraction coupling in  
 sepsis.

AN 2003:251561 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 139:20409

TI Lysozyme: a mediator of myocardial depression and  
 adrenergic dysfunction in septic shock in dogs

AU Mink, Steven N.; Jacobs, Hans; Bose, Deepak; Duke, Krika; Cheng, Zhao-Qin;  
 Liu, Gang; Light, R. Bruce

CS Department of Medicine, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, MB, R3E-0Z3,  
 Can.

SO Journal of Molecular and Cellular Cardiology (2003), 35(3),  
 265-275

CODEN: JMCDAJ; ISSN: 0022-2828

PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

RE.CNT 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L21 ANSWER 19 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Structure-activity relationship studies on chalcone derivatives the potent  
 inhibition of chemical mediators release

AB Some chalcones exert potent anti-inflammatory activities.  
 2',5'-Dialkoxychalcones and 2',5'-dihydroxy-4-chloro-dihydrochalcone  
 inhibited nitric oxide (NO) production in lipopolysaccharide  
 (LPS)/interferon- $\gamma$  (IFN- $\gamma$ )-activated N9 microglial cells and  
 in LPS-activated RAW 264.7 macrophage-like cells have been demonstrated in  
 our previous reports. These compds. also suppressed the inducible NO  
 synthase (iNOS) expression and cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2) activity in RAW  
 264.7 cells. In an effort to continually develop potent anti-inflammatory

agent, a series of chalcones were prepared by Claisen-Schmidt condensation of appropriate acetophenones with appropriate aromatic aldehyde and then evaluated their inhibitory effects on the activation of mast cells, neutrophils, macrophages, and microglial cells. Most of the 2',5'-dihydroxychalcone derivs. exhibited potent inhibitory effects on the release of  $\beta$ -glucuronidase and lysozyme from rat neutrophils stimulated with formyl-Met-Leu-Phe (fMLP)/cytochalasin B (CB). Some chalcones showed potent inhibitory effects on superoxide anion generation in rat neutrophils in response to fMLP/CB. Compds. 1 and 5 exhibited potent inhibitory effects on NO production in macrophages and microglial cells. Compound 11 showed inhibitory effect on NO production and iNOS protein expression in RAW 264.7 cells. The present results demonstrated that most of the 2',5'-dihydroxychalcones have anti-inflammatory effects. The potent inhibitory effect of 2',5'-dihydroxy-dihydrochalcones on NO production in LPS-activated macrophage, probably through the suppression of iNOS protein expression, is proposed to be useful for the relief of septic shock.

AN 2002:915632 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 139:30144

TI Structure-activity relationship studies on chalcone derivatives the potent inhibition of chemical mediators release

AU Ko, Horng-Huey; Tsao, Lo-Ti; Yu, Kun-Lung; Liu, Cheng-Tsung; Wang, Jih-Pyang; Lin, Chun-Nan

CS Department of Chemical Engineering, Yung Ta Institute of Technology and Commerce, Ping Tung, Taiwan, 912, Peop. Rep. China

SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (2003), 11(1), 105-111

CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896

PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 139:30144

RE.CNT 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L21 ANSWER 23 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Methods of facilitating vascular growth in cardiac muscle by inhibiting EMAP II, and methods for the production of recombinant EMAP II

AB A method of facilitating vascular growth in cardiac muscle of a subject in need of such treatment comprises inhibiting EMAP II activity in said subject by an amount effective to stimulate vascular growth in said cardiac muscle. The inhibiting step may be carried out by any suitable means, such as: By administering a compound (e.g., an antibody) that specifically binds to EMAP II to said subject in an amount effective to stimulate vascular growth in said cardiac muscle; by downregulating EMAP II expression in said subject by an amount effective to stimulate vascular growth in said cardiac muscle (e.g., by administration of an antisense oligonucleotide); or by administering an EMAP II receptor antagonist to said subject in an amount effective to stimulate vascular growth in said cardiac muscle.

AN 2001:489229 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 135:71286

TI Methods of facilitating vascular growth in cardiac muscle by inhibiting EMAP II, and methods for the production of recombinant EMAP II

IN Schwarz, Margaret

PA Children's Hospital Research Institute, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----

PI WO 2001047518 A1 20010705 WO 2000-US33467 20001208 <--  
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,  
CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,  
HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,  
LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,  
SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,  
YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,  
DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,  
BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
US 2001041680 A1 20011115 US 2000-733306 20001208 <--  
PRAI US 1999-171874P P 19991223 <--  
US 2000-197558P P 20000417 <--  
US 2000-231759P P 20000912 <--  
US 2000-241138P P 20001017 <--  
RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L21 ANSWER 25 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Gene probes used for genetic profiling in healthcare screening and  
planning  
AB There is considerable evidence that significant factor underlying the  
individual variability in response to disease, therapy and prognosis lies  
in a person's genetic make-up. There have been numerous examples relating  
that polymorphisms within a given gene can alter the functionality of the  
protein encoded by that gene thus leading to a variable physiol. response.  
In order to bring about the integration of genomics into medical practice  
and enable design and building of a technol. platform which will enable  
the everyday practice of mol. medicine a way must be invented for the DNA  
sequence data to be aligned with the identification of genes central to  
the induction, development, progression and outcome of disease or physiol.  
states of interest. According to the invention, the number of genes and  
their configurations (mutations and polymorphisms) needed to be identified  
in order to provide critical clin. information concerning individual  
prognosis is considerably less than the 100,000 thought to comprise the  
human genome. The identification of the identity of the core group of  
genes enables the invention of a design for genetic profiling technologies  
which comprises of the identification of the core group of genes and their  
sequence variants required to provide a broad base of clin. prognostic  
information - "genostics". The "Genostic" profiling of patients and  
persons will radically enhance the ability of clinicians, healthcare  
professionals and other parties to plan and manage healthcare provision  
and the targeting of appropriate healthcare resources to those deemed most  
in need. The use of this invention could also lead to a host of new  
applications for such profiling technologies, such as identification of  
persons with particular work or environment related risk, selection of  
applicants for employment, training or specific opportunities or for the  
enhancing of the planning and organization of health services, education  
services and social services.

AN 1999:795994 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
DN 132:31744

TI Gene probes used for genetic profiling in healthcare screening and  
planning

IN Roberts, Gareth Wyn  
PA Genostic Pharma Ltd., UK  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 745 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent  
LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9964627	A2	19991216	WO 1999-GB1780	19990604 <--
	W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,				

DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,  
 JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,  
 MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,  
 TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,  
 MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,  
 ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,  
 CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRAI	GB	1998-12099	A	19980606	<--
	GB	1998-13291	A	19980620	<--
	GB	1998-13611	A	19980624	<--
	GB	1998-13835	A	19980627	<--
	GB	1998-14110	A	19980701	<--
	GB	1998-14580	A	19980707	<--
	GB	1998-15438	A	19980716	<--
	GB	1998-15574	A	19980718	<--
	GB	1998-15576	A	19980718	<--
	GB	1998-16085	A	19980724	<--
	GB	1998-16086	A	19980724	<--
	GB	1998-16921	A	19980805	<--
	GB	1998-17097	A	19980807	<--
	GB	1998-17200	A	19980808	<--
	GB	1998-17632	A	19980814	<--
	GB	1998-17943	A	19980819	<--

=> d l21 26-51 ti

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L21 ANSWER 26 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Gene probes used for genetic profiling in healthcare screening and planning

L21 ANSWER 27 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Rates of ubiquitin conjugation increase when muscles atrophy, largely through activation of the N-end rule pathway

L21 ANSWER 28 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Method using L-Glu-L-Trp for treatment of purulent inflammatory diseases

L21 ANSWER 29 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Traced orthologous amplified sequence tags (TOASTs) and mammalian comparative maps

L21 ANSWER 30 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Methods of inhibiting protein degradation to combat muscle wasting and methods of screening for such inhibitors

L21 ANSWER 31 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Effect of O-antigenic polysaccharide of Escherichia coli on endotoxin neutralizing activity of lysozyme

L21 ANSWER 32 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Antimicrobial cationic peptides

L21 ANSWER 33 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Preparation of peptides as modulators of amyloid aggregation

L21 ANSWER 34 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Cytokines, phagocytes, and pentoxifylline

L21 ANSWER 35 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN



TI Lysozyme regulates LPS-induced interleukin-6 release in mice

L21 ANSWER 36 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Detoxification of lipopolysaccharide (LPS) by egg white lysozyme

L21 ANSWER 37 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Binding of lysozyme to lipopolysaccharide suppresses tumor necrosis factor production in vivo

L21 ANSWER 38 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Pharmaceutical compositions containing lysozyme dimer as tumor necrosis factor inhibitors

L21 ANSWER 39 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Platelet microbicidal protein enhances antibiotic-induced killing of and postantibiotic effect of Staphylococcus aureus

L21 ANSWER 40 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Inhibition of some human neutrophil functions by the cyclooxygenase inhibitor ketorolac tromethamine

L21 ANSWER 41 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Phagocytic activation of human neutrophils by the detergent component of fluosol

L21 ANSWER 42 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Concentration-dependent regulatory effects of prostaglandin E1 on human neutrophil function in vitro

L21 ANSWER 43 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Methods for immune system activation with modified  $\beta$ -glucan

L21 ANSWER 44 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Immunohistochemical studies on human myocardial mast cells

L21 ANSWER 45 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Prevention of neutrophil-mediated injury to endothelial cells by perfluorochemical

L21 ANSWER 46 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Inhibition of the inflammatory action of interleukin-1 and tumor necrosis factor (alpha) on neutrophil function by pentoxifylline

L21 ANSWER 47 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Lysozyme in the treatment of septic diseases

L21 ANSWER 48 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Degranulation inhibition. A potential mechanism for control of neutrophil superoxide production in sepsis

L21 ANSWER 49 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Reduced neutrophil superoxide anion release after prolonged infusions of lidocaine

L21 ANSWER 50 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Effect of repeated cycles of tetraolean and oleandomycin administration on nonspecific resistance of the host in experimental staphylococcal sepsis

L21 ANSWER 51 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Spin label study of the reaction of antirheumatic drugs with proteins

=> d l21 30 31 35 36 37 47 48 ti abs bib

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:Y

L21 ANSWER 30 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Methods of inhibiting protein degradation to combat muscle wasting and methods of screening for such inhibitors

AB Methods are described for identifying inhibitors of the accelerated ubiquitin conjugation that occurs in disease states involving muscle wasting. Methods are also described for inhibiting the loss of muscle mass in such disease states by the use of inhibitors of key components of the N-end rule pathway for protein ubiquitination. When the levels of the N-end rule ubiquitin conjugating enzymes E214k and E3 $\alpha$  were increased in soluble exts. of rabbit muscle, the degradation of endogenous proteins increased. A 2 mM Lys-Ala and Phe-Ala combination inhibited proteolysis.

AN 1998:385511 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 129:49665

TI Methods of inhibiting protein degradation to combat muscle wasting and methods of screening for such inhibitors

IN Goldberg, Alfred L.; Bhoite-Solomon, Vered

PA President and Fellows of Harvard College, USA; Goldberg, Alfred L.; Bhoite-Solomon, Vered

SO PCT Int. Appl., 76 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9823283	A1	19980604	WO 1997-US21421	19971125 <--
	W: AU, CA, JP, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	AU 9854538	A	19980622	AU 1998-54538	19971125 <--
PRAI	US 1996-755713	A	19961125 <--		
	WO 1997-US21421	W	19971125 <--		

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L21 ANSWER 31 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Effect of O-antigenic polysaccharide of Escherichia coli on endotoxin neutralizing activity of lysozyme

AB Endotoxemia is considered to be associated with the high mortality of Gram-neg. septic patients. Increasing evidence shows that  $\beta$ -lactam antibiotics have a propensity to induce endotoxin release from the bacterial outer membrane while killing bacteria. We have recently found that egg white lysozyme (EW-LZM) shows strong inhibition of  $\beta$ -lactam induced bacteriolysis and lipopolysaccharide (LPS) release from Escherichia coli O111, resulting in reduction of the LPS-initiated inflammatory response. In this study, we compared the effect of EW-LZM on E. coli J5, which possesses rough-type LPS (RaLPS), in order to demonstrate the effect of O-antigenic polysaccharide on endotoxin neutralizing activity of EW-LZM and on inhibition of  $\beta$ -lactam induced lysis by LZM. Both of the  $\beta$ -lactam induced bacterial lysis and subsequent LPS release were almost completely inhibited by EW-LZM. The effect was more potent than that of wild-type LPS as assessed by released LPS concentration and LPS induced cytokine syntheses. In addition, EW-LZM was effective against lethal infection of E. coli J5 in cyclophosphamide induced leukopenic mice. These facts strongly suggested that O-antigenic polysaccharide neg. modulates LPS neutralizing activity of EW-LZM.

AN 1998:343301 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 129:121628

TI Effect of O-antigenic polysaccharide of Escherichia coli on endotoxin

neutralizing activity of lysozyme  
AU Liang, Ai-hua; Sugawara, Naoto; Ohno, Naohito; Adachi, Yoshiyuki; Yadomae, Toshiro  
CS School of Pharmacy, Lab. Immunopharm. Microb. Prod., Tokyo University of Pharmacy and Life Science, Hachioji, 192-0392, Japan  
SO FEMS Immunology and Medical Microbiology (1998), 21(1), 79-87  
CODEN: FIMIEV; ISSN: 0928-8244  
PB Elsevier Science B.V.  
DT Journal  
LA English  
RE.CNT 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L21 ANSWER 35 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Lysozyme regulates LPS-induced interleukin-6 release in mice  
AB Bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) stimulates the production and release of endogenous mediators [e.g., tumor necrosis factor (TNF), interleukins (IL-1 and IL-6), and platelet activating factor (PAF)] responsible for the pathophysiol. changes and the mortality associated with sepsis. The authors recently demonstrated that lysozyme (LZM) bound to LPS (LZM-LPS complex) suppresses LPS-induced tumor necrosis factor- $\alpha$  (TNF- $\alpha$ ) production in vivo. Here, the authors investigated the effect of LZM-LPS complex formation on LPS-induced IL-6 production, both in vitro and in vivo. With the addition of LZM-LPS complex, TNF- $\alpha$  and IL-6 release was reduced compared with that by LPS in a dose-dependent manner in mouse macrophage-like cells, RAW264.7. IL-6 production in serum by LPS in carrageenan (CAR)-primed mice peaked at 2 h following injection. LZM-LPS and LZM-Escherichia coli cell complex (as 1  $\mu$ g of LPS per mouse) released reduced concns. of IL-6 in serum. These results emphasize the important role of LZM in vivo in the neutralization of endotoxin. However, in the case of IL-6, by administration of a LD of LPS (as 100  $\mu$ g of LPS per mouse), the IL-6 level was reduced by LZM, but a significant concentration of IL-6 was still released; although the TNF- $\alpha$  concentration was negligible in this exptl. condition. Thus, LZM might regulate

the systemic inflammation induced during Gram-neg. bacterial infections by inhibiting the release of cytokines in serum.

AN 1995:660228 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
DN 123:141488  
TI Lysozyme regulates LPS-induced interleukin-6 release in mice  
AU Takada, Katsutoshi; Ohno, Naohito; Yadomae, Toshiro  
CS Laboratory for Immunopharmacology of Microbial Products, Tokyo College of Pharmacy, Hachioji, 192-03, Japan  
SO Circulatory Shock (1994), 44(4), 169-74  
CODEN: CRSHAG; ISSN: 0092-6213  
DT Journal  
LA English

L21 ANSWER 36 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Detoxification of lipopolysaccharide (LPS) by egg white lysozyme  
AB Recent studies carried out by our group suggest that lysozyme binds to bacterial lipopolysaccharide with a high affinity to produce a complex, and inhibits various biol. activities of lipopolysaccharide. Although the basic structure of lipopolysaccharide is independent of the species and strains of Gram-neg. bacteria, many structural factors such as O-antigenic polysaccharide, lipid A, substituted groups, and associated mols., affect the biol. activities of lipopolysaccharide. In this study, we prepared lysozyme /lipopolysaccharide complexes using various structures of lipopolysaccharide and compared the activity and physicochem. properties. Native and dansylated lysozyme were found to bind to all tested lipopolysaccharides. The mitogenic activity and TNF production by all tested lipopolysaccharides were significantly reduced by complex formation in vitro. Administration of the complex prepared by various

lipopolysaccharides produced significantly less quantities of TNF in the septic shock model. These results suggested that binding of lysozyme to lipopolysaccharide is important for the host both in pathophysiol. responses to lipopolysaccharides and in the modification of lipopolysaccharide biol. activity.

AN 1995:240342 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 122:7928

TI Detoxification of lipopolysaccharide (LPS) by egg white lysozyme

AU Takada, Katsutoshi; Ohno, Naohito; Yadomae, Toshiro

CS Laboratory for Immunopharmacology of Microbial Products, Tokyo College of Pharmacy, 1432-1 Horinouchi, Hachioji, Tokyo, 192-03, Japan

SO FEMS Immunology and Medical Microbiology (1994), 9(4), 255-64

CODEN: FIMIEV; ISSN: 0928-8244

PB Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

L21 ANSWER 37 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Binding of lysozyme to lipopolysaccharide suppresses tumor necrosis factor production in vivo

AB Endotoxin [lipopolysaccharide (LPS)] released during gram-neg. bacterial infection induces varieties of cytokines which directly and/or indirectly cause shock, disseminated intravascular coagulation, and death. The authors previously showed that lysozyme (LZM) was an LPS-binding protein and inhibited various immunomodulating activities of LPS. In this study, the authors examined the effect of LZM on the LPS-triggered septic shock model induced by carrageenan treatment and assessed by tumor necrosis factor production. The data presented in this report strongly suggest that LZM-LPS complex formation completely abrogates tumor necrosis factor production and the mortality caused by LPS and that LZM may be useful for the treatment of endotoxin shock.

AN 1994:242197 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 120:242197

TI Binding of lysozyme to lipopolysaccharide suppresses tumor necrosis factor production in vivo

AU Takada, Katsutoshi; Ohno, Naohito; Yadomae, Toshiro

CS Lab. Immunopharmacol. Microb. Prod., Tokyo Coll. Pharm., Hachioji, 192-03, Japan

SO Infection and Immunity (1994), 62(4), 1171-5

CODEN: INFIBR; ISSN: 0019-9567

DT Journal

LA English

L21 ANSWER 47 OF 51 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Lysozyme in the treatment of septic diseases

AB Septic diseases are treated by endolymphatic administration of drugs. The depression of the immune system is prevented by administering lysozyme in a dose of 1 mg/kg body weight and antibiotics and a protease inhibitor in usual therapeutic doses for 30-40 mL 0.5% novocaine solution

AN 1988:124498 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 108:124498

TI Lysozyme in the treatment of septic diseases

IN Pristajko, Ya. I.; Feshchenko, Yu. I.; Molotkov, V. N.; Vyrenkov, Yu. E.; Mel'nik, V. M.

PA Kiev Scientific-Research Institute of Tuberculosis and Thoracic Surgery, USSR

SO U.S.S.R.

From: Otkrytiya, Izobret. 1987, (34), 28-29.

CODEN: URXXAF

DT Patent

LA Russian

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.

KIND

DATE

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

```

-----
PI    SU 1337096      A1    19870915      SU 1983-3651058      19830831 <--
PRAI  SU 1983-3651058      19830831 <--

```

```

L21  ANSWER 48 OF 51  HCAPLUS  COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
TI    Degranulation inhibition. A potential mechanism for control of
      neutrophil superoxide production in sepsis
AB    Previous studies with neutrophils from patients with intra-abdominal
      sepsis have provided convincing evidence of in vivo exposure to
      C5a. However, in contradistinction to normal cells pretreated with C5a,
      patient cells showed depressed superoxide response to N-formyl-methionyl-
      leucyl-phenylalanine (FMLP) and enhanced FMLP receptor affinity. To
      identify possible mechanisms responsible for these findings, the authors
      examined the effects of lysosomal alkalinization with the weak base
      clindamycin on normal neutrophils with and without C5a. Results showed a
      specific suppression of FMLP-induced superoxide production and a loss of
      low-affinity FMLP receptors. These results occurred in the presence of
      clindamycin levels that did not interfere with other cellular processes.
      Thus, regulation of neutrophil function during the course of
      intra-abdominal sepsis may be due to effectors active both at
      the cell surface (C5a) and within the lysosome. The clin. significance of
      the findings relates to a possible mechanism for specific pharmacol.
      suppression of oxide-radical production by neutrophils. Such oxide radicals
      are believed to be important in the capillary injury accompanying severe
      sepsis.
AN    1986:86929  HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>
DN    104:86929
TI    Degranulation inhibition. A potential mechanism for control of
      neutrophil superoxide production in sepsis
AU    Solomkin, Joseph S.; Brodt, Julia K.; Zemlan, Frank P.
CS    Coll. Med., Univ. Cincinnati, Cincinnati, OH, 45267-0558, USA
SO    Archives of Surgery (Chicago, IL, United States) (1986), 121(1),
      77-80
      CODEN: ARSUAX; ISSN: 0004-0010
DT    Journal
LA    English

```

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:08:39 ON 20 SEP 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:08:46 ON 20 SEP 2007  
EXP CHITOBIOSE/CN

```

L1      1 S E3
      EXP CHITOTRIOSE/CN
L2      1 S E3
L3      1 S N-ACETYLGLUCOSAMINE/CN

```

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:09:37 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:12:40 ON 20 SEP 2007

```

L4      346 S L1/THU OR L2/THU OR L3/THU
L5      0 S CHITIN/THU OR CHITOSAN/THU
L6      473047 S INFLAMM? OR MYOCARDIAL OR CARDIAC OR SEPSIS OR SEPTIC
L7      30280 S LYSOZYME
L8      96 S (L4 OR L5) AND L6
L9      3 S (L4 OR L5) AND L7
L10     1 S (L4 OR L5) AND L6 AND L7
L11     73 S L8 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)
L12     3 S L9 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)
L13     1 S L10 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

```

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:12:58 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:13:09 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:13:09 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:13:50 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:13:51 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:16:15 ON 20 SEP 2007

L14 199371 S MYOCARDIAL OR CARDIAC OR SEPSIS OR SEPTIC

L15 6 S L11 AND L14

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:16:17 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:16:23 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:16:24 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:16:37 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:16:38 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:41:46 ON 20 SEP 2007

L16 141 S L7 AND L14

L17 104 S L16 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

L18 10 S L4 AND L14

L19 6 S L18 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:41:55 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:43:13 ON 20 SEP 2007

L20 1990443 S ANTISENSE OR INHIB?

L21 51 S L20 AND L17

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:43:16 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:44:02 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:44:02 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:45:10 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:45:10 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:45:20 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:45:21 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:46:17 ON 20 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:46:18 ON 20 SEP 2007

=> log hold		
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.06	141.18
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-17.94

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES

STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 10:46:24 ON 20 SEP 2007

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:SSPTAEXO1623

PASSWORD:

\* \* \* \* \* RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL \* \* \* \* \*  
SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'STNGUIDE' AT 10:47:52 ON 20 SEP 2007  
FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:47:52 ON 20 SEP 2007  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)d

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.06	141.18
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-17.94

=> d l19 1-6 ti abs bib

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Methods of treating inflammation  
AB Methods and compns. for treating myocardial dysfunction or  
inflammation are described. The methods of the invention involve  
administering an agent that can inhibit lysozyme to an animal in need  
thereof. Preferred lysozyme inhibitors include TAC (N,N',N"-  
triacetylglucosamine, chitotriose) and chitobiose.  
AN 2004:905606 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
DN 141:360677  
TI Methods of treating inflammation  
IN Mink, Steven N.; Jacobs, Hans; Bose, Deepak; Duke, Krika; Light, R. Bruce  
PA Can.  
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 70 pp.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2004214792	A1	20041028	US 2004-762581	20040123 <--
	CA 2428744	A1	20040724	CA 2003-2428744	20030512 <--
PRAI	US 2003-442060P	P	20030124	<--	

L19 ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Glycodendrimers having biological activity  
AB The invention discloses anionic glycodendrimers having biol. activity,  
processes for preparing them, and their use in medicine, including veterinary  
medicine. The glycodendrimers of the invention may be used e.g. to treat  
diseases in which chemokines and cytokines are increased and diseases  
where angiogenesis is increased.  
AN 2003:855832 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
DN 139:345955  
TI Glycodendrimers having biological activity  
IN Shaunak, Sunil; Gianasi, Elisabetta; Duncan, Ruth  
PA Polytherics Limited, UK

SO PCT Int. Appl., 126 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003089010	A1	20031030	WO 2003-GB1133	20030318 <--
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2003214422	A1	20031103	AU 2003-214422	20030318 <--
EP	1496941	A1	20050119	EP 2003-709994	20030318 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
	JP 2005532421	T	20051027	JP 2003-585761	20030318 <--
	IN 2004DN02794	A	20070420	IN 2004-DN2794	20040920 <--
	US 2005214247	A1	20050929	US 2005-511317	20050531 <--
PRAI	GB 2002-9022	A	20020419 <--		
	WO 2003-GB1133	W	20030318 <--		

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 3 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Nutritional compositions, kits, and methods for promoting defined health benefits  
AB The present invention is directed to compns. comprising: (a) a first component selected from the group consisting of gelatin, cartilage, aminosugars, glycosaminoglycans, methylsulfonylmethane, precursors of methylsulfonylmethane, S-adenosylmethionine, salts thereof, and mixts. thereof; and (b) a second component comprising: (i) a cation source selected from the group consisting of calcium, potassium, magnesium, and mixts. thereof; and (ii) an edible acid source. The present invention is further directed to food, beverage, pharmaceutical, over-the-counter, and dietary supplement products, which comprise the present compns. The invention also relates to kits comprising the present compns. and information that use of the composition promotes one or more of the presently defined health benefits, including joint health, bone health, cardiac health, and anti-inflammation. The present invention addnl. relates to methods of treating joint function, bone function, cardiac function, or inflammation comprising administering to a mammal a composition as defined herein.  
AN 2003:282111 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
DN 138:286531  
TI Nutritional compositions, kits, and methods for promoting defined health benefits  
IN Kern, Kenneth norman; Heisey, Matthew Thomas  
PA USA  
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 19 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 586,213, abandoned.  
CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2003069202	A1	20030410	US 2001-760280	20010112 <--



CA 2408609	A1	20011213	CA 2001-2408609	20010601 <--
WO 2001093847	A2	20011213	WO 2001-US17714	20010601 <--
WO 2001093847	A3	20020425		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, SZ, BE, CY, FR, GR, IE, IT, MC, NL, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, NE, SN, TD, TG				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1289510	A2	20030312	EP 2001-946030	20010601 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
JP 2003535126	T	20031125	JP 2002-501420	20010601 <--
BR 2001011381	A	20031216	BR 2001-11381	20010601 <--
MX 2002PA11942	A	20030422	MX 2002-PA11942	20021202 <--
PRAI US 2000-586213	B2	20000602	<--	
US 2001-760280	A	20010112	<--	
WO 2001-US17714	W	20010601	<--	

L19 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Compositions for the treatment and prevention of pain and inflammation with a cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor and chondroitin sulfate

AB A method of treating, preventing, or inhibiting pain, inflammation, or inflammation-associated disorder in a subject in need of such treatment or prevention includes treating the subject with chondroitin sulfate and a cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor, or a prodrug thereof, wherein the amount of chondroitin sulfate and the amount of a cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof together constitute a pain- or inflammation-suppressing treatment or prevention effective amount. Glucosamine can optionally be present. Comps. that contain the combination of chondroitin sulfate and cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor and, optionally, the glucosamine, are disclosed, as are pharmaceutical comps.

AN 2003:154262 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 138:198610

TI Compositions for the treatment and prevention of pain and inflammation with a cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor and chondroitin sulfate

IN Pulaski, Steven P.; Kundel, Susan

PA Pharmacia Corporation, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 148 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003015799	A1	20030227	WO 2002-US25673	20020813 <--
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW					
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG					
	US 2003114416	A1	20030619	US 2002-215539	20020809 <--
	CA 2457452	A1	20030227	CA 2002-2457452	20020813 <--
	AU 2002336344	A1	20030303	AU 2002-336344	20020813 <--

AU 2002336344 A2 20030303  
 EP 1416941 A1 20040512 EP 2002-773188 20020813 <--  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK  
 BR 2002011977 A 20040921 BR 2002-11977 20020813 <--  
 JP 2005501850 T 20050120 JP 2003-520758 20020813 <--  
 CN 1575182 A 20050202 CN 2002-820121 20020813 <--  
 ZA 2004001163 A 20050622 ZA 2004-1163 20040212 <--  
 MX 2004PA01397 A 20040527 MX 2004-PA1397 20040213 <--  
 PRAI US 2001-312211P P 20010814 <--  
 US 2002-215539 A 20020809 <--  
 WO 2002-US25673 W 20020813 <--  
 OS MARPAT 138:198610  
 RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Compositions, kits, and methods for promoting defined health benefits  
 AB The present invention is directed to compns. comprising: (a) a first  
 component selected from the group consisting of gelatin, cartilage, amino  
 sugars, glycosaminoglycans, methylsulfonylmethane, precursors of  
 methylsulfonylmethane, S-adenosylmethionine, salts and mixts.; and (b) a  
 second component comprising a cation source selected from the group  
 consisting of calcium, potassium, magnesium, and mixts. and an edible acid  
 source. The present invention is further directed to food, beverage,  
 pharmaceutical, over-the-counter, and dietary supplement products, which  
 comprise the present compns. The invention also relates to kits  
 comprising the present compns. and information that use of the composition  
 promotes one or more of the presently defined health benefits, including  
 joint health, bone health, cardiac health, and  
 anti-inflammation. The present invention addnl. relates to methods of  
 treating joint function, bone function, cardiac function, or  
 inflammation comprising administering to a mammal a composition as defined  
 herein. Thus, hard lemon candies are prepared by combining the following  
 components as indicated: sugar 200, light corn syrup 63, water 60, lemon  
 flavor glucosamine-HCl 16, and calcium citrate malate 14.9 g.  
 AN 2001:903816 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
 DN 136:42843  
 TI Compositions, kits, and methods for promoting defined health benefits  
 IN Kern, Kenneth Norman; Heisey, Matthew Thomas  
 PA The Procter & Gamble Company, USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001093847	A2	20011213	WO 2001-US17714	20010601 <--
	WO 2001093847	A3	20020425		
	W:		AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, SZ, BE, CY, FR, GR, IE, IT, MC, NL, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, NE, SN, TD, TG		
	RW:		GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG		
	US 2003069202	A1	20030410	US 2001-760280	20010112 <--
	CA 2408609	A1	20011213	CA 2001-2408609	20010601 <--
	EP 1289510	A2	20030312	EP 2001-946030	20010601 <--
	R:		AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,		

IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

JP 2003535126	T	20031125	JP 2002-501420	20010601 <--
BR 2001011381	A	20031216	BR 2001-11381	20010601 <--
MX 2002PA11942	A	20030422	MX 2002-PA11942	20021202 <--
PRAI US 2000-586213	A	20000602	<--	
US 2001-760280	A	20010112	<--	
WO 2001-US17714	W	20010601	<--	

L19 ANSWER 6 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Disaccharide-aglycon conjugate inflammation inhibitors and therapeutic uses thereof

AB A composition is provided which comprises a biosynthetic anti-inflammatory oligosaccharide sugar-sugar-X-R (sugar = N-acetylneuraminic acid, galactose, N-acetylglucosamine, N-acetylgalactosamine, fucose, mannose; X = bridging atom selected from O, S, N, C; R = aglycon selected from naphthol, naphthalenemethane, indenol, indenol heterocyclic derivative, naphthol heterocyclic derivative, naphthalenemethanol heterocyclic derivative). Also provided is a method of treating an inflammatory disease in an individual comprising administering a therapeutically ED of the composition of the invention. The compds. of the invention resemble biosynthetic intermediates found in the formation of Lewis carbohydrates and inhibit the formation of glycoprotein ligands for selectins by diverting the synthesis of the carbohydrate chains from the proteins or lipids to the disaccharide primers.

AN 1996:476867 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 125:132753

TI Disaccharide-aglycon conjugate inflammation inhibitors and therapeutic uses thereof

IN Esko, Jeffrey D.; Sarkar, Arun K.

PA University of Alabama Research Foundation, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
PI WO 9619231	A1	19960627	WO 1995-US16533	19951218 <--
W: CA, JP				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
US 5639734	A	19970617	US 1994-359582	19941220 <--
PRAI US 1994-359582	A	19941220	<--	

=> log hold

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

0.06	160.82
------	--------

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

0.00	-22.62
------	--------

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES

STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 10:48:02 ON 20 SEP 2007

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:SSPTAEXO1623

PASSWORD:

\* \* \* \* \* RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL \* \* \* \* \*  
SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'STNGUIDE' AT 11:05:33 ON 20 SEP 2007  
FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:05:33 ON 20 SEP 2007  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.06	160.82
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-22.62

=> file hcaplus

FLE IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND

The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.  
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter  
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s l1/thu or l2/thu

FIELD CODES CANNOT BE CHANGED HERE

You may have tried to apply a field code to a term that already has a  
field code. You can only add a field code to a term that has no field  
code appended to it.

=> s l22 and l14

L22 NOT FOUND

The L-number entered could not be found. To see the definition  
of L-numbers, enter DISPLAY HISTORY at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s l23 and (PY<2004 or AY<2004 or PRY<2004)

<-----User Break----->

The L-number entered could not be found. To see the definition  
of L-numbers, enter DISPLAY HISTORY at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s antisense

=> s antibody

<-----User Break----->

=> s l7 and l14 and l25

<-----User Break----->

=> s l7 and l14 and l26

<-----User Break----->

L26 NOT FOUND

The L-number entered could not be found. To see the definition  
of L-numbers, enter DISPLAY HISTORY at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s l27 and (PY<2004 or AY<2004 or PRY<2004)

=> s l28 and (PY<2004 or AY<2004 or PRY<2004)

<-----User Break----->

=> file stnguide

<-----User Break----->

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.36	161.12
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-22.62

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:08:52 ON 20 SEP 2007  
 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT  
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.  
 LAST RELOADED: Sep 14, 2007 (20070914/UP).

```
=>
=> file hcaplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS          SINCE FILE ENTRY    TOTAL
                                SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST          0.06      161.18
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)  SINCE FILE ENTRY    TOTAL
                                                SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE          0.00      -22.62
```

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:09:05 ON 20 SEP 2007  
 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
 PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Sep 2007 VOL 147 ISS 13  
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Sep 2007 (20070919/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l1/thu or l2/thu

```

      262 L1
    936068 THU/RL
      20 L1/THU
        (L1 (L) THU/RL)
      181 L2
    936068 THU/RL
      12 L2/THU
        (L2 (L) THU/RL)
L22      21 L1/THU OR L2/THU
```

=> s l22 and l14

```
L23      2 L22 AND L14
```

=> s 123 and (PY<2004 or AY<2004 or PRY<2004)

23937695 PY<2004  
4745183 AY<2004  
4227245 PRY<2004

L24 1 L23 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

=> s antisense

L25 45671 ANTISENSE

=> s antibody

L26 317123 ANTIBODY

=> s 17 and 114 and 125

L27 7 L7 AND L14 AND L25

=> s 17 and 114 and 126

L28 14 L7 AND L14 AND L26

=> s 127 and (PY<2004 or AY<2004 or PRY<2004)

23937695 PY<2004  
4745183 AY<2004  
4227245 PRY<2004

L29 6 L27 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

=> s 128 and (PY<2004 or AY<2004 or PRY<2004)

23937695 PY<2004  
4745183 AY<2004  
4227245 PRY<2004

L30 9 L28 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

=> file stnguide

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	2.60	163.78
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-22.62

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:09:21 ON 20 SEP 2007  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.  
LAST RELOADED: Sep 14, 2007 (20070914/UP).

=> d 123 1-2 ti abs bib

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L23 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI N-Acetylglucosamine sugar chain recognition proteins and their use for  
drug-delivery agents and cationic resin-gene complexes  
AB Title proteins are obtained by extraction of proteins bonded to isolated cells

via N-acetylglucosamine (I)-containing compds., then dissociation of the sugar chains from the proteins. Title drug-delivery agents comprise colloidal particles having I sugar chains on the surface or via avidin coating layer. The sugar chains bind to I recognition proteins, thus the delivery agents are useful for specific delivery of fluorescent agents, contrast agents, etc., to injured vessel walls caused by stents in intervention therapy. The agents are also useful as transfection agents. Thus, rat blood vessel wall cells or myocardial cells were incubated with biotinylated I, extracted with NP-40 (nonionic surfactant), treated with avidin agarose, filtered, treated with Na dodecylsulfate, and purified by electrophoresis to obtain I recognition protein with 75 kD.

AN 2007:30905 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 146:128618

TI N-Acetylglucosamine sugar chain recognition proteins and their use for drug-delivery agents and cationic resin-gene complexes

IN Ikeda, Uichi; Takahashi, Masafumi; Maruyama, Atsushi; Ise, Hirohiko

PA Shinshu University, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 2007001923	A	20070111	JP 2005-183614	20050623
PRAI	JP 2005-183614		20050623		

L23 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Methods of treating inflammation

AB Methods and compns. for treating myocardial dysfunction or inflammation are described. The methods of the invention involve administering an agent that can inhibit lysozyme to an animal in need thereof. Preferred lysozyme inhibitors include TAC (N,N',N"-triacyetylglucosamine, chitotriose) and chitobiose.

AN 2004:905606 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 141:360677

TI Methods of treating inflammation

IN Mink, Steven N.; Jacobs, Hans; Bose, Deepak; Duke, Krika; Light, R. Bruce

PA Can.

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 70 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2004214792	A1	20041028	US 2004-762581	20040123
	CA 2428744	A1	20040724	CA 2003-2428744	20030512
PRAI	US 2003-442060P	P	20030124		

=> d 129 1-6 ti abs bib

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L29 ANSWER 1 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Genes showing altered expression in non-small cell lung cancers and their use in diagnosis

AB Genes that show altered levels of expression in non-small-cell lung cancer and that can be used to diagnose the disease are identified. The genes or gene products may also be targets for drugs for treatment of the disease. A group of approx. 1400 genes showing cancer-specific up- or downregulation is identified. Antisense nucleic acids and

siRNAs are reported for some of these genes.

AN 2006:101948 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
DN 144:190130  
TI Genes showing altered expression in non-small cell lung cancers and their use in diagnosis  
IN Nakamura, Yusuke; Daigo, Yataro; Nakatsuru, Shuichi  
PA Oncotherapy Science, Inc., Japan; The University of Tokyo  
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 364 pp., Cont.-in-part of Appl. No. PCT/JP04/004075.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 4

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2006024692	A1	20060202	US 2005-90617	20050324 <--
	WO 2004031413	A2	20040415	WO 2003-JP12072	20030922 <--
	WO 2004031413	A3	20050224		
	WO 2004031413	A9	20050804		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	CN 1854313	A	20061101	CN 2006-10073805	20030922 <--
	EP 1743947	A2	20070117	EP 2006-22167	20030922 <--
	EP 1743947	A3	20070523		
	R:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR			
	WO 2005090991	A1	20050929	WO 2004-JP4075	20040324
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	EP 1730533	A1	20061213	EP 2004-723042	20040324
	R:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR			
PRAI	US 2002-414673P	P	20020930	<--	
	US 2003-451374P	P	20030228	<--	
	US 2003-466100P	P	20030428	<--	
	WO 2003-JP312072	A2	20030922	<--	
	US 2004-555757P	P	20040324		
	WO 2004-JP4075	A2	20040324		
	CN 2003-825506	A3	20030922	<--	
	EP 2003-753941	A3	20030922	<--	
	US 2004-555789P	P	20040323		

L29 ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCAPLUS. COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Methods of treating inflammation

AB Methods and compns. for treating myocardial dysfunction or inflammation are described. The methods of the invention involve administering an agent that can inhibit lysozyme to an animal in



need thereof. Preferred lysozyme inhibitors include TAC (N,N',N"-triacetylglucosamine, chitotriose) and chitobiose.

AN 2004:905606 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
DN 141:360677  
TI Methods of treating inflammation  
IN Mink, Steven N.; Jacobs, Hans; Bose, Deepak; Duke, Krika; Light, R. Bruce  
PA Can.  
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 70 pp.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2004214792	A1	20041028	US 2004-762581	20040123 <--
	CA 2428744	A1	20040724	CA 2003-2428744	20030512 <--
PRAI	US 2003-442060P	P	20030124	<--	

L29 ANSWER 3 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Human tissue-specific housekeeping genes identified by expression profiling  
AB Housekeeping genes commonly expressed in 35 different human tissues, oligonucleotide probes and DNA microarrays containing them, are disclosed.  
AN 2004:355085 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
DN 140:369944  
TI Human tissue-specific housekeeping genes identified by expression profiling  
IN Aburatani, Hiroyuki; Yamamoto, Shogo  
PA NGK Insulators, Ltd., Japan  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 372 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004035785	A1	20040429	WO 2002-JP10753	20021016 <--
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2002344094	A1	20040504	AU 2002-344094	20021016 <--
	US 2004229233	A1	20041118	US 2003-684422	20031015 <--
PRAI	US 2002-418614P	P	20021016	<--	
	WO 2002-JP10753	A	20021016	<--	

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L29 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Genes that are differentially expressed during erythropoiesis and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses  
AB The present invention provides mol. targets that regulate erythropoiesis. Groups of genes or their encoded gene products comprise panels of the invention and may be used in therapeutic intervention, therapeutic agent screening, and in diagnostic methods for diseases and/or disorders of erythropoiesis. The panels were discovered using gene expression profiling of erythroid progenitors with Affymetrix HU6800 and HG-U95Av2 chips. Cells from an in vitro growth and differentiation system of

SCF-Epo dependent human erythroid progenitors, E-cadherin+/CD36+ progenitors, cord blood, or CD34+ peripheral blood stem cells were analyzed. The HU6800 chip contains probes from 13,000 genes with a potential role in cell growth, proliferation, and differentiation and the HG-U95Av2 chip contains 12,000 full-length, functionally-characterized genes. [This abstract record is one of two records for this document necessitated by the large number of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints].

AN 2003:409169 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
 DN 138:380506  
 TI Genes that are differentially expressed during erythropoiesis and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses  
 IN Brissette, William H.; Neote, Kuldeep S.; Zagouras, Panayiotis; Zenke, Martin; Lemke, Britt; Hacker, Christine  
 PA Pfizer Products Inc., USA; Max-Delbrueck-Centrum Fuer Molekulare Medizin  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 285 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003038130	A2	20030508	WO 2002-XA34888	20021031 <--
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	WO 2003038130	A2	20030508	WO 2002-US34888	20021031 <--
	WO 2003038130	A3	20040212		
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRAI	US 2001-335048P	P	200111031	<--	
	US 2001-335183P	P	200111102	<--	
	WO 2002-US34888	A	20021031	<--	

L29 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Combinations of silencer and inducible regulatory elements for tight regulation and strong induction of foreign genes in animal cells  
 AB Expression vectors are disclosed that are comprised of one or more silencer elements and conditionally inducible elements to form silencer-inducible regions and promoters in operative linkage upstream of at least one expressed region. The expression vector thereby regulates expression of at least one downstream region by conditional silencing in which an expressed DNA region of a gene is transcribed. Use of multiple copies of the silencer lowers the basal level of expression of the gene and therefore increases the induction ratio. Genetically engineered mammalian cells and non-human mammals can be made using such expression vectors through transfection and transgenesis techniques. Moreover, processes of making and using the aforementioned products are disclosed (e.g., the expression vector may be used diagnostically, therapeutically,

or prophylactically). A series of constructs using repeats of the silencer element (SIL) of the human synapsin gene and the hypoxia response element (HRE) of the phosphoglycerate kinase gene were prepared and used to regulate expression of a luciferase reporter gene from the SV40 early promoter in animal cells. Induction of the reporter gene in hypoxic skeletal myocytes was directly proportional to the number of copies of SIL/HRE pairs in the promoter region. The construct was more effective in skeletal myocytes than in cardiac myocytes. In a rat ischemic hindlimb model induction ratios for the reporter gene under ischemic (hypoxic) conditions was >20 for constructs carrying three copies of the SIL/HRE pairs. For animals carrying only three copies of the HRE element and no silence elements the induction ratio was .apprx.1.4.

AN 2001:489616 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
 DN 135:88021  
 TI Combinations of silencer and inducible regulatory elements for tight regulation and strong induction of foreign genes in animal cells  
 IN Webster, Keith A.  
 PA University of Miami, USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 48 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001048187	A2	20010705	WO 2000-US33269	20001215 <--
	WO 2001048187	A3	20020530		
	WO 2001048187	A9	20021107		
	W: CA, JP				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR				
	US 6893867	B1	20050517	US 2000-723326	20001128 <--
	CA 2394174	A1	20010705	CA 2000-2394174	20001215 <--
	EP 1242592	A2	20020925	EP 2000-984041	20001215 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
	JP 2003523182	T	20030805	JP 2001-548700	20001215 <--
PRAI	US 1999-171597P	P	19991223	<--	
	US 2000-723326	A	20001128	<--	
	WO 2000-US33269	W	20001215	<--	

L29 ANSWER 6 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Methods of facilitating vascular growth in cardiac muscle by inhibiting EMAP II, and methods for the production of recombinant EMAP II  
 AB A method of facilitating vascular growth in cardiac muscle of a subject in need of such treatment comprises inhibiting EMAP II activity in said subject by an amount effective to stimulate vascular growth in said cardiac muscle. The inhibiting step may be carried out by any suitable means, such as: By administering a compound (e.g., an antibody) that specifically binds to EMAP II to said subject in an amount effective to stimulate vascular growth in said cardiac muscle; by downregulating EMAP II expression in said subject by an amount effective to stimulate vascular growth in said cardiac muscle (e.g., by administration of an antisense oligonucleotide); or by administering an EMAP II receptor antagonist to said subject in an amount effective to stimulate vascular growth in said cardiac muscle.  
 AN 2001:489229 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
 DN 135:71286  
 TI Methods of facilitating vascular growth in cardiac muscle by inhibiting EMAP II, and methods for the production of recombinant EMAP II  
 IN Schwarz, Margaret  
 PA Children's Hospital Research Institute, USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001047518	A1	20010705	WO 2000-US33467	20001208 <--
	W:			AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM	
	RW:			GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG	
	US 2001041680	A1	20011115	US 2000-733306	20001208 <--
PRAI	US 1999-171874P	P	19991223	<--	
	US 2000-197558P	P	20000417	<--	
	US 2000-231759P	P	20000912	<--	
	US 2000-241138P	P	20001017	<--	
RE.CNT	6	THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT			

=> d l30 1-9 ti

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L30 ANSWER 1 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Isolation and self-assembly of small particles of misfolded proteins, proteons, from blood and other biological materials using metallic nanocluster proteon nucleation centers for diagnostic and therapeutic use

L30 ANSWER 2 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Endocrine disruptor screening using DNA chips of endocrine disruptor-responsive genes

L30 ANSWER 3 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Antimicrobial peptides and methods of use thereof

L30 ANSWER 4 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Methods of facilitating vascular growth in cardiac muscle by inhibiting EMAP II, and methods for the production of recombinant EMAP II

L30 ANSWER 5 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Gene probes used for genetic profiling in healthcare screening and planning

L30 ANSWER 6 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Gene probes used for genetic profiling in healthcare screening and planning

L30 ANSWER 7 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Protective  $\gamma$ -globulin factors

L30 ANSWER 8 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Antigenic analysis of extracts of human heart tissue. Cardiac antigens with limited distribution in other organs

L30 ANSWER 9 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
TI Serum lysozyme and virus (living polio 2) infection in rats thymectomized at birth

=> d 130 2 3 4 7 8 9 ti abs bib  
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L30 ANSWER 2 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Endocrine disruptor screening using DNA chips of endocrine  
disruptor-responsive genes

AB A method and kit for detecting endocrine-disrupting chems. using DNA  
microarrays are claimed. The method comprises preparing a nucleic acid  
sample containing mRNAs or cDNAs originating in cells, tissues, or organisms  
which have been brought into contact with a sample containing the endocrine  
disruptor. The nucleic acid sample is hybridized with DNA microarrays  
having genes affected by the endocrine disruptor or DNA fragments  
originating in these genes have been fixed. The results obtained are then  
compared with the results obtained with the control sample to select the  
gene affected by the endocrine disruptor. Genes whose expression is  
altered by tri-Bu tin, 4-octaphenol, 4-nonylphenol, di-N-Bu phthalate,  
dichlorohexyl phthalate, octachlorostyrene, benzophenone, diethylhexyl  
phthalate, diethylstilbestrol (DES), and 17- $\beta$  estradiol (E2), were  
found in mice by DNA chip anal.

AN 2002:937303 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 138:20443

TI Endocrine disruptor screening using DNA chips of endocrine  
disruptor-responsive genes

IN Kondo, Akihiro; Takeda, Takeshi; Mizutani, Shigetoshi; Tsujimoto,  
Yoshimasa; Takashima, Ryokichi; Enoki, Yuki; Kato, Ikunoshin

PA Takara Bio Inc., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 386 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	----	-----	-----	-----
PI	JP 2002355079	A	20021210	JP 2002-69354	20020313 <--
PRAI	JP 2001-73183	A	20010314	<--	
	JP 2001-74993	A	20010315	<--	
	JP 2001-102519	A	20010330	<--	

L30 ANSWER 3 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Antimicrobial peptides and methods of use thereof

AB A class of cationic, polyphemusin-like peptides having antimicrobial  
activity is provided. Examples of such peptides include  
FRWCFRVCYKGRCRYKCR (SEQ ID NO:3), RRWCFRVCYKGFRCRYKCR (SEQ ID NO:4), and  
RRWCFRVCYRGRFCYRKCR (SEQ ID NO:11) (I). Also provided are methods for  
inhibiting the growth of microbes such as bacteria, yeast and viruses  
utilizing the peptides of the invention. The peptides are particularly  
useful for inhibiting endotoxemia in a subject. I provided protection  
against endotoxemia in mice.

AN 2002:10505 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 136:79729

TI Antimicrobial peptides and methods of use thereof

IN Hancock, Robert E. W.; Zhang, Lijuan

PA The University of British Columbia, Can.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 57 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	----	-----	-----	-----
PI	WO 2002000687	A2	20020103	WO 2001-CA918	20010627 <--

WO 2002000687 A3 20020906  
 WO 2002000687 A9 20030918  
 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,  
 CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM,  
 HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,  
 LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO,  
 RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN,  
 YU, ZA, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG,  
 KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,  
 IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,  
 GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 US 6337317 B1 20020108 US 2000-604864 20000627 <--  
 CA 2412531 A1 20020103 CA 2001-2412531 20010627 <--  
 EP 1294745 A2 20030326 EP 2001-944839 20010627 <--  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR  
 JP 2004507228 T 20040311 JP 2002-505809 20010627 <--  
 NZ 523183 A 20041224 NZ 2001-523183 20010627 <--  
 US 2002156017 A1 20021024 US 2002-42872 20020108 <--  
 US 6747007 B2 20040608  
 PRAI US 2000-604864 A 20000627 <--  
 WO 2001-CA918 W 20010627 <--  
 OS MARPAT 136:79729

L30 ANSWER 4 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 TI Methods of facilitating vascular growth in cardiac muscle by  
 inhibiting EMAP II, and methods for the production of recombinant EMAP II  
 AB A method of facilitating vascular growth in cardiac muscle of a  
 subject in need of such treatment comprises inhibiting EMAP II activity in  
 said subject by an amount effective to stimulate vascular growth in said  
 cardiac muscle. The inhibiting step may be carried out by any  
 suitable means, such as: By administering a compound (e.g., an  
 antibody) that specifically binds to EMAP II to said subject in an  
 amount effective to stimulate vascular growth in said cardiac  
 muscle; by downregulating EMAP II expression in said subject by an amount  
 effective to stimulate vascular growth in said cardiac muscle  
 (e.g., by administration of an antisense oligonucleotide); or by  
 administering an EMAP II receptor antagonist to said subject in an amount  
 effective to stimulate vascular growth in said cardiac muscle.  
 AN 2001:489229 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>  
 DN 135:71286  
 TI Methods of facilitating vascular growth in cardiac muscle by  
 inhibiting EMAP II, and methods for the production of recombinant EMAP II  
 IN Schwarz, Margaret  
 PA Children's Hospital Research Institute, USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001047518	A1	20010705	WO 2000-US33467	20001208 <--
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 2001041680	A1	20011115	US 2000-733306	20001208 <--

PRAI	US 1999-171874P	P	19991223	<--
	US 2000-197558P	P	20000417	<--
	US 2000-231759P	P	20000912	<--
	US 2000-241138P	P	20001017	<--

RE.CNT 6      THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 7 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Protective  $\gamma$ -globulin factors

AB Human, bovine, and horse  $\gamma$ -globulins to rubeola, rabies, encephalitis, and leptospirosis were assayed for the presence of various antibodies. Human  $\gamma$ -globulins were contained complete and incomplete antibodies to 108 antigens of various classes of microorganisms, to staphylococcal toxins, and to influenza and parainfluenza viruses. Horse anti-rabies and anti-encephalitis  $\gamma$ -globulins contained antibodies to 171 antigens, while bovine antileptospirosis  $\gamma$ -globulins contained antibodies to 147 antigens and tetanus antitoxins. Horse and bovine  $\gamma$ -globulins showed the presence of antibodies to proteins isolated from the cardiac muscle, striated muscles, spleen, and liver of man and to proteins from the lungs, kidneys, and colon of cattle and horses. All 3 groups of  $\gamma$ -globulins examined contained properdin; in addition, human  $\gamma$ -globulins contained lysozyme and  $\beta$ -lysins; horse  $\gamma$ -globulins contained lysozyme. Possible immunogenic and physiol. aspects are discussed.

AN 1970:41104 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 72:41104

TI Protective  $\gamma$ -globulin factors

AU Zlmskov, M. V.; Gorchakova, Yu. P.; Morzova, V. P.; D'yachkova, S. Ya.; Trutnev, B. D.; Sekunova, A. N.

CS Voronezh. Med. Inst., Voronezh, USSR

SO Zhurnal Mikrobiologii, Epidemiologii i Immunobiologii (1969), 46(10), 74-6

CODEN: ZMEIAV; ISSN: 0372-9311

DT Journal

LA Russian

L30 ANSWER 8 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Antigenic analysis of extracts of human heart tissue. Cardiac antigens with limited distribution in other organs

AB Anti-human heart serum was obtained by repeated immunizations of a goat with washed, homogenized, whole human heart. After absorption of the serum with human plasma,  $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$  was added to 0.5 saturation and the resulting globulin fraction was absorbed with human liver to serve as antibody. For antigens, the non-sedimentable extract of heart homogenate was precipitated at 0.7  $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$  saturation, purified by chromatog. on DEAE-cellulose, and separated by gel filtration on Sephadex G-200. In immunodiffusion the antibody gave 3 lines of precipitation with human heart extract: one line (antigen = HK) was shared with human kidney extract, one

other (HM) with skeletal muscle, and the last (C) with all other organs.

HK had the electrophoretic mobility of a  $\gamma$ -globulin and a sedimentation constant of 5 to 6. It was precipitated at 0.6  $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$  saturation and

found in the heart of the rhesus monkey and in some human liver exts., but not in the extract of beef, dog, ibex, rabbit, or rat heart. It was not found in fetal or in newborn heart. It was resistant to treatment with trypsin, chymotrypsin, collagenase, hyaluronidase, Nagarse, mercuripapain, elastase, pepsin, pancreatic lipase, lysozyme, ribonuclease, and intestinal alkaline phosphatase. HM was found in all organ exts. tested, and appeared identical to myoglobin by immunoelectrophoresis and mol. weight determination. Neither HK nor HM was associated with the particulate antigen cross-reacting with rabbit antistreptococcal cell wall serum.

AN 1967:498658 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 67:98658

OREF 67:18527a,18530a

TI Antigenic analysis of extracts of human heart tissue. Cardiac antigens with limited distribution in other organs

AU Kushner, Irving; Kaplan, Melvin H.

CS Metropol. Gen. Hosp., Cleveland, OH, USA

SO Journal of Immunology (1967), 99(3), 526-33

CODEN: JOIMA3; ISSN: 0022-1767

DT Journal

LA English

L30 ANSWER 9 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

TI Serum lysozyme and virus (living polio 2) infection in rats thymectomized at birth

AB A review is given of the reduction in immune capacity of young thymectomized animals, and of the influence of thymectomy on natural immunity. Sprague-Dawley rats thymectomized during the first 48 hrs. of life, sham-operated, or intact were vaccinated with living polio 2 virus (strain MEF1, titer 10-6/0.1 ml.) at 0.5 ml. subcutaneously when 3 weeks old, and lysozyme (I) and neutralizing antibodies assayed on the blood withdrawn (cardiac puncture) prior to and 12 days after vaccination. I (in  $\gamma$ /ml.) was 5.1, 4.95, and 4.8 and 2.14, 3.17, and 2.95, resp., prior to and after vaccination in thymectomized, sham-operated, and normal animals and the antibody titer was correspondingly 0, 0, and 0 and 1/26.5, 1/53.8, 1/62.4, showing a marked reduction in I serum level in thymectomized animals vaccinated with living polio 2 virus. 17 references.

AN 1966:406363 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070920>>

DN 65:6363

OREF 65:1197c-d

TI Serum lysozyme and virus (living polio 2) infection in rats thymectomized at birth

AU Bonifaci, E.; Rattini, F. M.; Baggio, P.; Gallo, E.

CS Univ. Padua, Italy

SO Minerva Pediatrica (1966), 18(10), 490-1

CODEN: MIPEA5; ISSN: 0026-4946

DT Journal

LA Italian